Cystic Fibrosis
Among the Hispanic/Latinx Community

What is cystic fibrosis? Cystic fibrosis (CF) is a genetic disease that is most known for causing progressive lung disease, but which impacts every organ system.

CF impacts people of all races and ethnicities. While more common among people of European descent, it is estimated that 1 in 9,200 Hispanic/Latinx community members have CF, while exponentially more are carriers of the gene that causes CF. If two carriers have a child, there is a one in four chance that their child will have cystic fibrosis.

Symptoms of cystic fibrosis can vary widely from person to person, based on a variety of factors. Primary symptoms include:

- salty tasting skin
- persistent cough
- frequent lung infections
- frequent sinus infections and/or nasal polyps
- poor growth and/or difficulty gaining weight
- frequent bowel movements with greasy or bulky stools
- wheezing or shortness of breath
- meconium ileus (intestinal blockage at birth)
- male infertility

Cystic fibrosis is caused by a mutation in the gene for the CFTR protein. While most people associate CF with lung disease, it can also impact the sinuses, liver, pancreas, and reproductive systems due to thick mucus that blocks small ducts and leads to chronic infections, malnutrition and progressive lung damage.

Early diagnosis is vital. CF is included on the newborn screening panel in every state, but these tests often fail to identify rare mutations more common in people who are not Caucasian.

Sadly, due to the misperception that CF is rare among the Hispanic/Latinx community, many physicians may miss the signs and fail to order testing for children who have CF. If you believe your child has symptoms, do not hesitate to ask for testing, which may include a sweat test to measure salt levels, and/or a genetic test, in which the blood is analyzed for a broader range of mutations.

For more information, please visit www.cfri.org or email cfri@cfri.org.

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